: WTO Rules and Food Crisis in the Least-developed Countries

Policy Reflection Co-organised by the LDC Group in the WTO with CSEND Trade Policy Governance Group & Diplomacy Dialogue

Introduction by Christian Häberli, Ph.D.
World Trade Institute (Bern)
17 July 2008 (Geneva)





Cyclical and Structural Causes of the present food crisis coincide

Cyclical causes:

- droughts and floods
- low stocks
- currency fluctuations
- export restrictions
- speculation (?)

Structural developments:

- Demography
- Tigers eat meat (China, India etc.)
- Oil barrels at \$150
- (Subsidised) Biofuel
- Water shortages
- Climate change



Double impact on NFIDCs

- The end of cheap food (international food aid, export subsidies and price support in rich countries are down):
- Hunger strikes millions without purchasing power
- Urban poor without means to satisfy other essential needs (health, housing, schools)
- good news for poor farmers?
- Rural poor without means and incentives to produce more
- no surprise:
 - WFP warnings of more famines ICRC warnings of more wars



Everybody is responsible

- **IBRD** now warning 33 governments may fall and calling for \$500m in food aid but only 2 years ago discovered agriculture as a worthwhile area of investment
- FAO focus on summits?
- **G8/OECD** promising aid but no end to decadelong market distortions hurting poor farmers
- Many NFIDCs enjoyed cheap food at the expense of their farmers or even taxing exports
- Some exporters restrict exports for their own food security



WTO: Politics vs. Economics

Global vs. national welfare and "policy space":

- Trade liberalisation increases food security overall but not at home
- Shifts from Amber to Blue and Green will not increase food security
- Refusal to bind present zero import duties; G33 needs Special Products for food security
- Refusal to lift export taxes and restrictions (small revision GATT-Art.XI:2 in Falconer modalities)



Outlook

World food production for > 7bn meat eaters needs more

- production investment and technologies
- trade liberalisation and regulation including prohibition of taxpayer support to staple food
- regional food security stocks financed by rich importing countries
- genuine food aid financed by food+oil price gains
- The whole WTO Membership must stand up to all these challenges!